

# ISSUES OF INTEREST

- ENGAGING EFFECTIVELY WITH FAMILIES DURING THE SCREENING PROCESS, ESPECIALLY WHEN A REFERRAL TO AUDIOLOGY IS REQUIRED
- SUPPORTING FAMILIES TO ATTEND AUDIOLOGY APPOINTMENTS



# WHAT HAPPENS AT SCREENING?REVISION

- Info provision/discussion parents consent to screen
- Screen with aABR
- If clear response on aABR1 in each ear = pass ("hearing good at time of screen").
- If at risk, doctor/ nurse/ midwife completes risk factor surveillance form & gives to screener.
- Some who pass aABR1 may be at risk of developing hearing loss later – screener explains why. screener then makes audiology referral, or re-screens if jaundice
- Recommend family monitor hearing using hearing checklist (also in Well Child Tamariki Ora Health Book)
- If unclear aABR1 response, repeat screen. If repeat clear in each ear = pass
- If no clear aABR2 response = refer



# WHAT IS EFFECTIVE ENGAGEMENT FROM A PARENT PERSPECTIVE?

- To be listened to
- **Emotional support** in the form of empathy, compassion, respect.
- Experience "relationship building" -To be able to trust the professional and information given
- Honesty and sincerity from professional
- To understand
- Information that is timely, relevant, independent, appropriate, practical.

#### ESTABLISHING TRUST AND CONNECTION

 Successful engagement with all clients during the screening process, from the moment a screener enters a parent's room, ensures the parent's trust and lays the foundation for participation in future service delivery.



# TRUST IS EVERYTHING/TRUST HAS TO BE EARNED





# THREE DOMAINS OF TRUST

Technical competence: self-evident

Interpersonal competence:
Communication, relationship building

**Agency:** putting the parent & baby first



### ANSWERING PARENT QUESTIONS AFTER SCREEN

- How do you manage conversations with parents who appear or say they feel;
  - Anxious/stressed,
  - Angry,
  - Guilty,
  - In shock?
- Do you find the "Frequently Asked Questions" pages on the NSU website helpful?
- What other resources would be useful, in addition to the pamphlets and FAQs?
- Should another professional be offered/become involved when a screen has to be repeated or a referral is made?

POTENTIAL POINTS OF WEAKNESS FOR FOLLOW UP AFTER SCREEN - REPEAT OF NEWBORN HEARING SCREEN AS AN OUTPATIENT APPOINTMENT:

#### ? WEAKNESSES

- Needs to be in a clinic with in some DHBs— community based option not available in all.
- Family needs to remember appt (is appt negotiated?), and be able to get there \*

#### ? SOLUTIONS

- Are there options to see families at a community facility/in the home?
- If not, check with families at time of making re-screen app't re barriers to getting to hosp., and how these can be overcome\*\*
- Ask families if a reminder is needed, and if yes, in what form.

#### POTENTIAL POINTS OF WEAKNESS FOR FOLLOW UP AFTER SCREEN - REFERRAL

#### **FOR DIAGNOSTIC TEST:**

#### ? WEAKNESSES

- Family contact details on referral to audiology clinic
- Managing emotional reactions support from screener may not be enough for some families in gap between screen and diag appt\*
- Parent understanding of information & need for diagnostic test
- Is para in referral pamphlet about communication with baby mentioned by screener?

#### ? SOLUTIONS

- Check family contact details (plus back up contact) on referral to audiology form, so audiol clinic can negotiate appt & support needed.
- Families/screeners contact the midwife/LMC (& ? Coordinator) before the diagnostic appointment \*\*\*
- Refer to pamphlet. Ask if parents have questions/what extra information they would like
- Screener show para in pamphlet about communication with baby.\*\*

#### POTENTIAL POINTS OF WEAKNESS FOR FOLLOW UP AFTER SCREEN - TARGETED FOLLOW UP:

#### ? WEAKNESSES

- Risk factors for hearing loss requiring targeted follow up form does not obtain contact details – who checks this if doctor/nurse/midwife completes form and sends to screener? \*
- Will family be contactable at time follow up audiol appt sent/made
   how is contact made?\*\*

#### ? SOLUTIONS

- Screener review targeted follow up form with family before family leaves hospital.
- Check family contact details (plus back up contact) on referral to audiology form, so audiol clinic can negotiate appt & check support needed to get there.



# PRESENT SUPPORTS IN NZ AT TIME OF SCREEN

- SCREENER/COORDINATOR
- LMC, MIDWIFE, GP
- PLUNKET, MĀORI WELL CHILD TAMARIKI ORA
- LITERATURE

### A DHB SUPPORT INITIATIVE IN NZ

- April 2016, Taranaki DHB's audiology and Māori Health teams launched the "Come Hear" project.
- Aimed to improve health outcomes for Māori children by reducing DNA rates to less than 10% by October 2016.
- Developed process which identified children at risk/high risk of not attending booked appointments, & implemented an organised attendance pathway.

### A DHB SUPPORT INITIATIVE IN NZ

- From 2008 to 2015 the DNA rate for Māori was
   between 20 and 31 percent per annum.
- In 2016, as a result of changes to the way the service engaged with whānau, DNA rate dropped to 17 percent.
- For January 2017, DNA rate for Māori was 0%.
- DNAs fluctuate because numbers small, but overall trend downward. "most importantly, children have attended who otherwise would not have."

## VIHSP EARLY SUPPORT SERVICE (ESS)

- Funded to support families of VIHSP babies.
- Baby referred to ESS at time of screen & referral to audiology.
- ESS aim to contact within 3 days.
- Support families *before, during and after* diag app't.
- Every family also contacted after diag app't within 2 days, regardless of outcome

## VIHSP EARLY SUPPORT SERVICE (ESS) 2

Family-centred, unbiased, independent.

Not on-call; no specialist counselling; just info guidance.

Role similar to AoDC in NZ **but** begins at time of referral.